

Vibrational spectroscopy

for the authentication and traceability of food products: contributions to European projects



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Various labels preserve quality food products coming from particular geographical areas and protect consumers against imitations and false information. Traceability is an essential tool to enhance trader and consumer confidence in the safety, quality and authenticity of the food. It also helps the regulatory authorities to detect fraud and dangerous substances. Traceability with regard to authenticity issues can be interpreted as verifying the labels, tracing the origin of food or confirming the presence of ingredients claimed to be in that food/feed. Vibrational spectroscopy (Near-infrared, mid-infrared and Raman) is increasingly considered as the preferred tool in the traceability and authentication of food products. Methods are rapid, simple-to-use, non-destructive, environment friendly and can fit for on line analyses. This poster presents several results achieved during these last years in the framework of European projects dealing with authentication and traceability.

FOOD AND FEED PRODUCTS



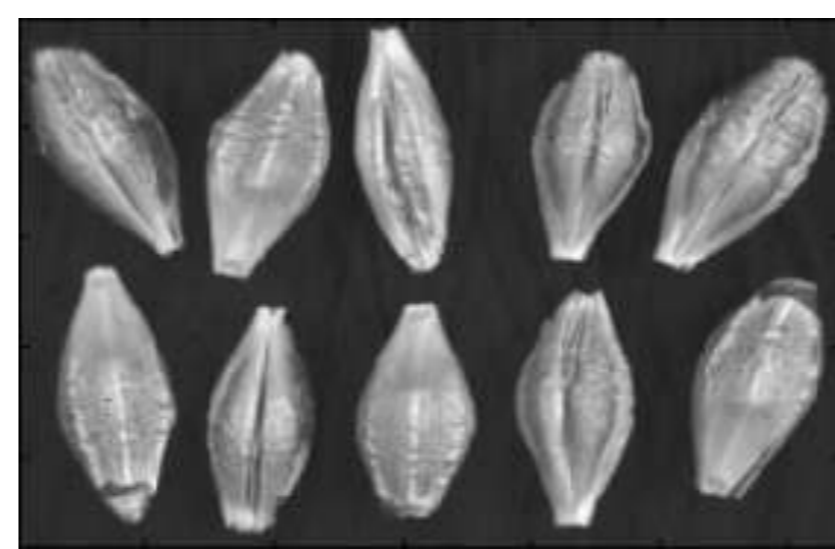
Meat products



Olive oil



Alcoholic beverages



Seeds



Feed ingredients



Cereals

SPECTROSCOPY

Near Infrared Spectroscopy



Mid Infrared and Raman



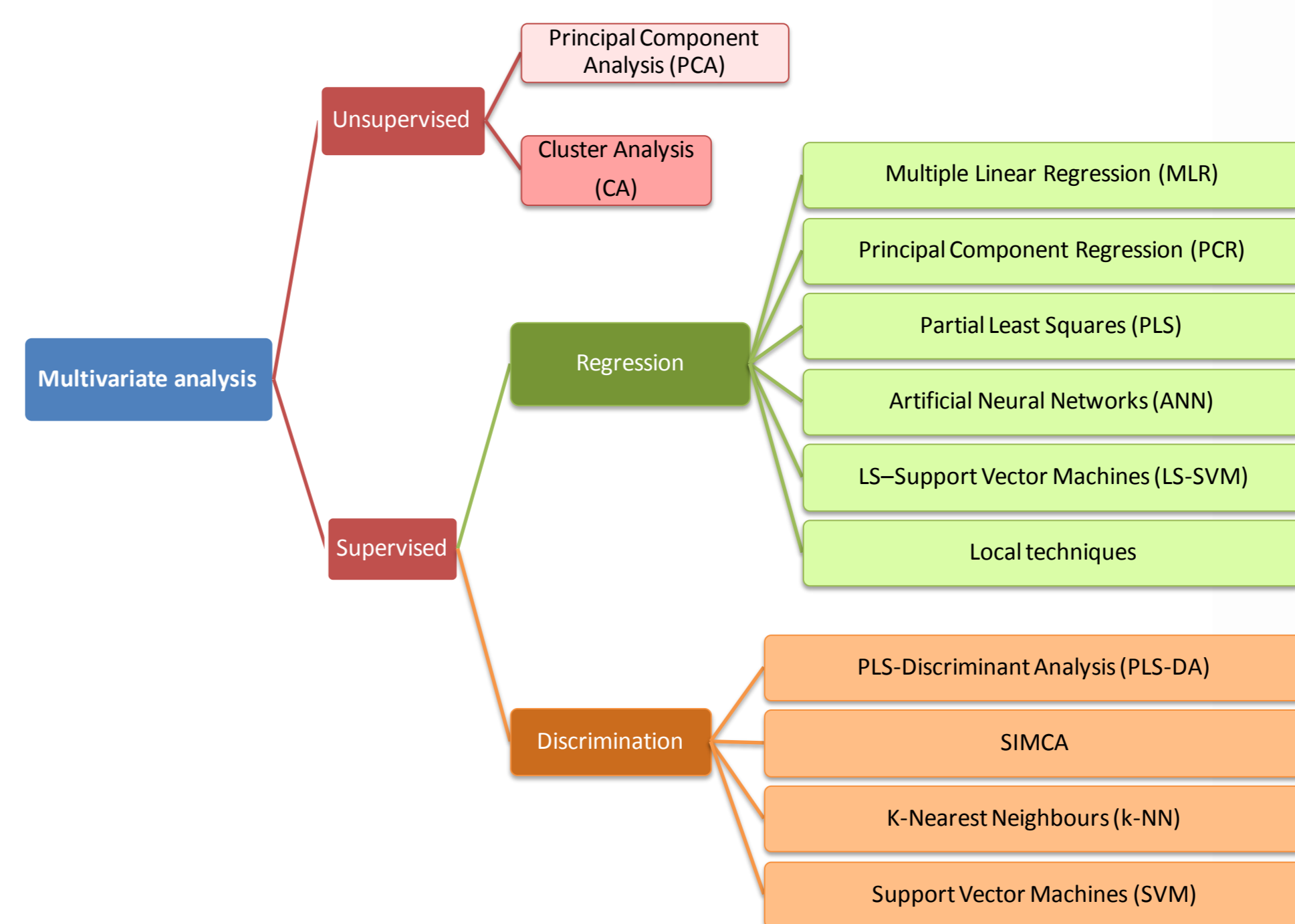
Near Infrared Microscopy



Near Infrared Imaging



CHEMOMETRICS



EUROPEAN PROJECTS



www.typic.org



MEDEO

www.huespedes.cica.es/aliens/igmedeo



www.trace.eu.org

Tracing the origin of Olive oil, honey, Trappist beers by NIRS and FT-Raman



SIXTH FRAMEWORK PROGRAMME



www.coextra.eu

Discrimination between GMO and non GMO barley seeds by NIR imaging



www.safeedpap.feedsafety.org

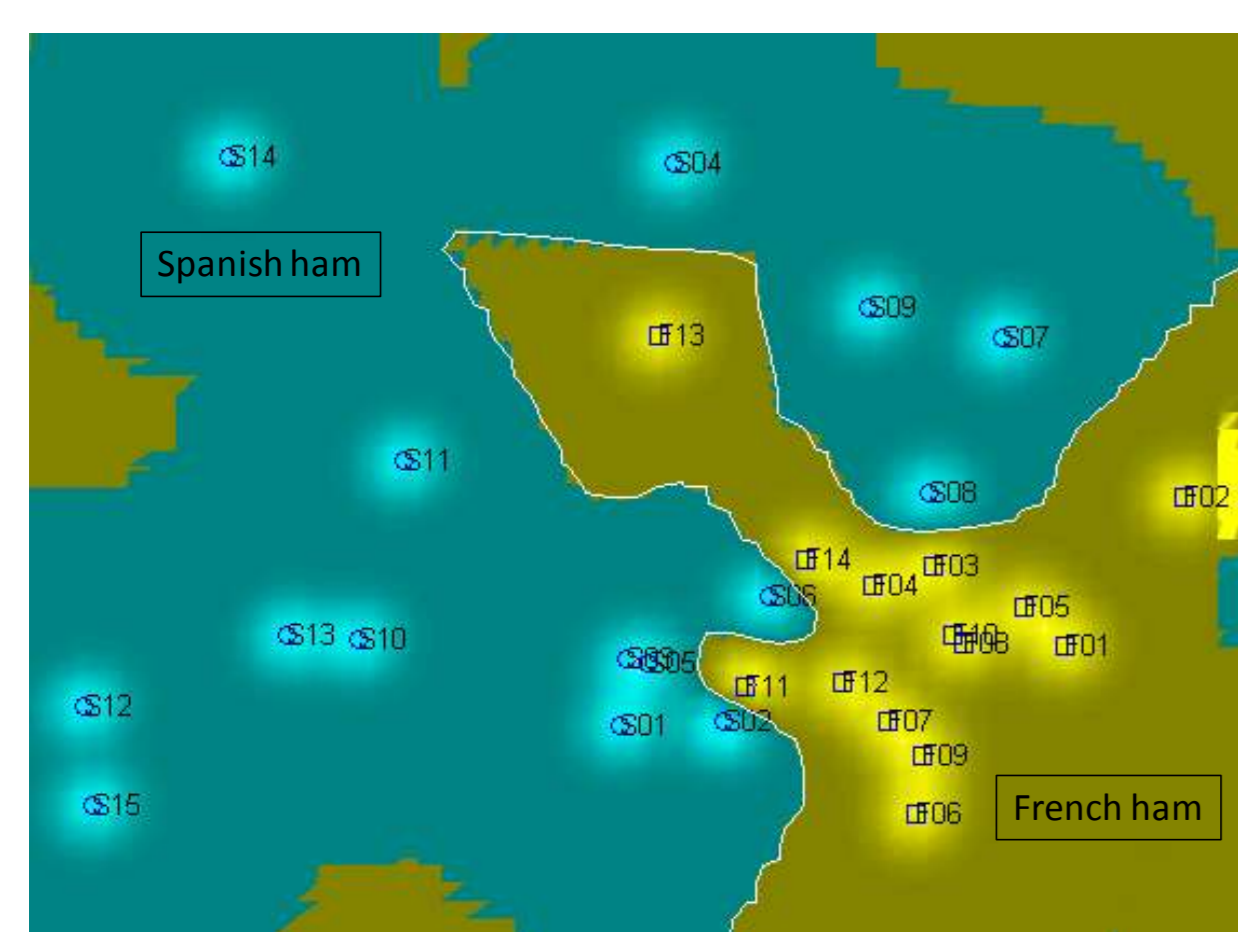
Authenticity of Feed ingredients by NIR imaging



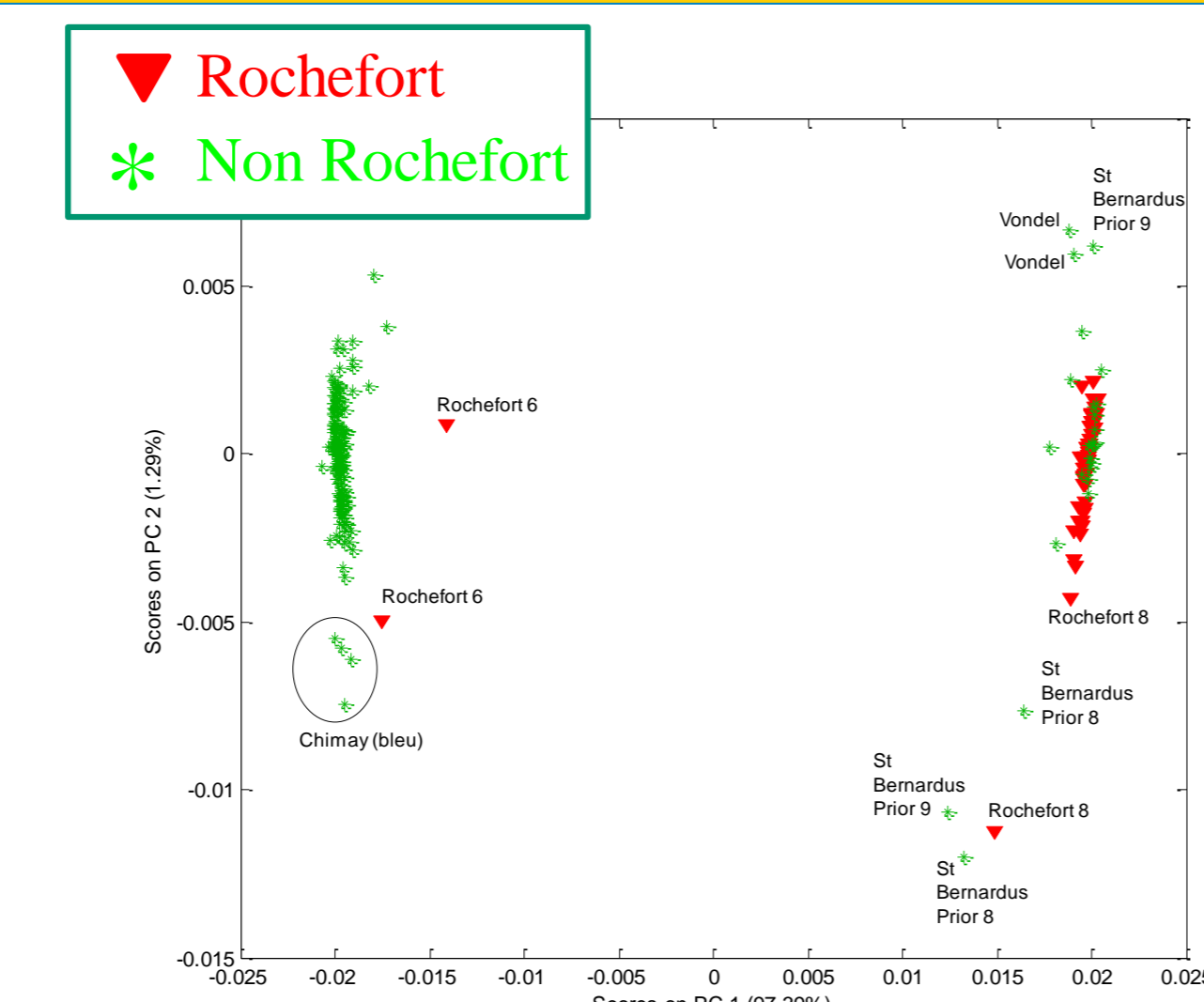
www.confidence.eu

On-line detection of contaminants in cereals by NIR imaging

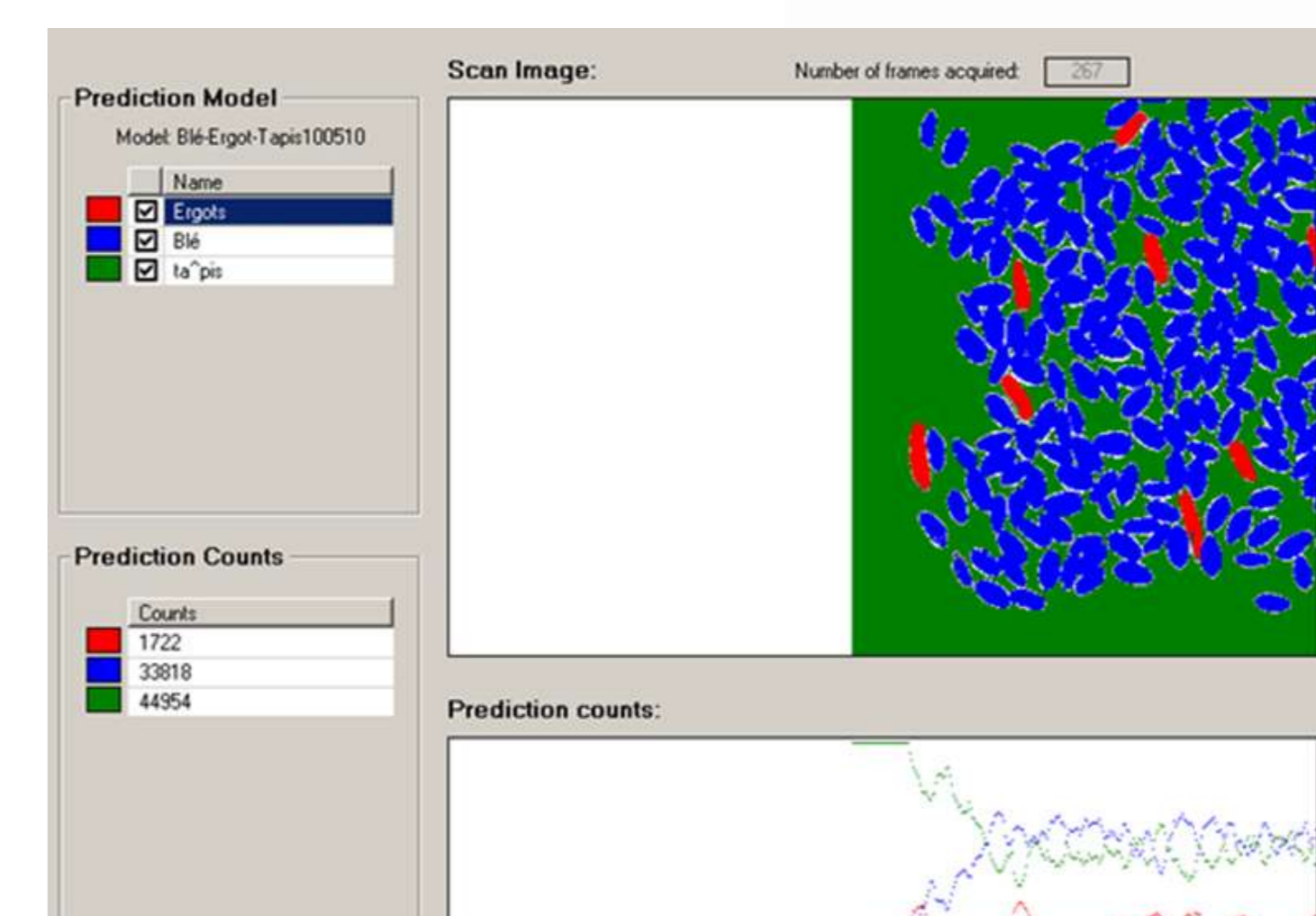
RESULTS



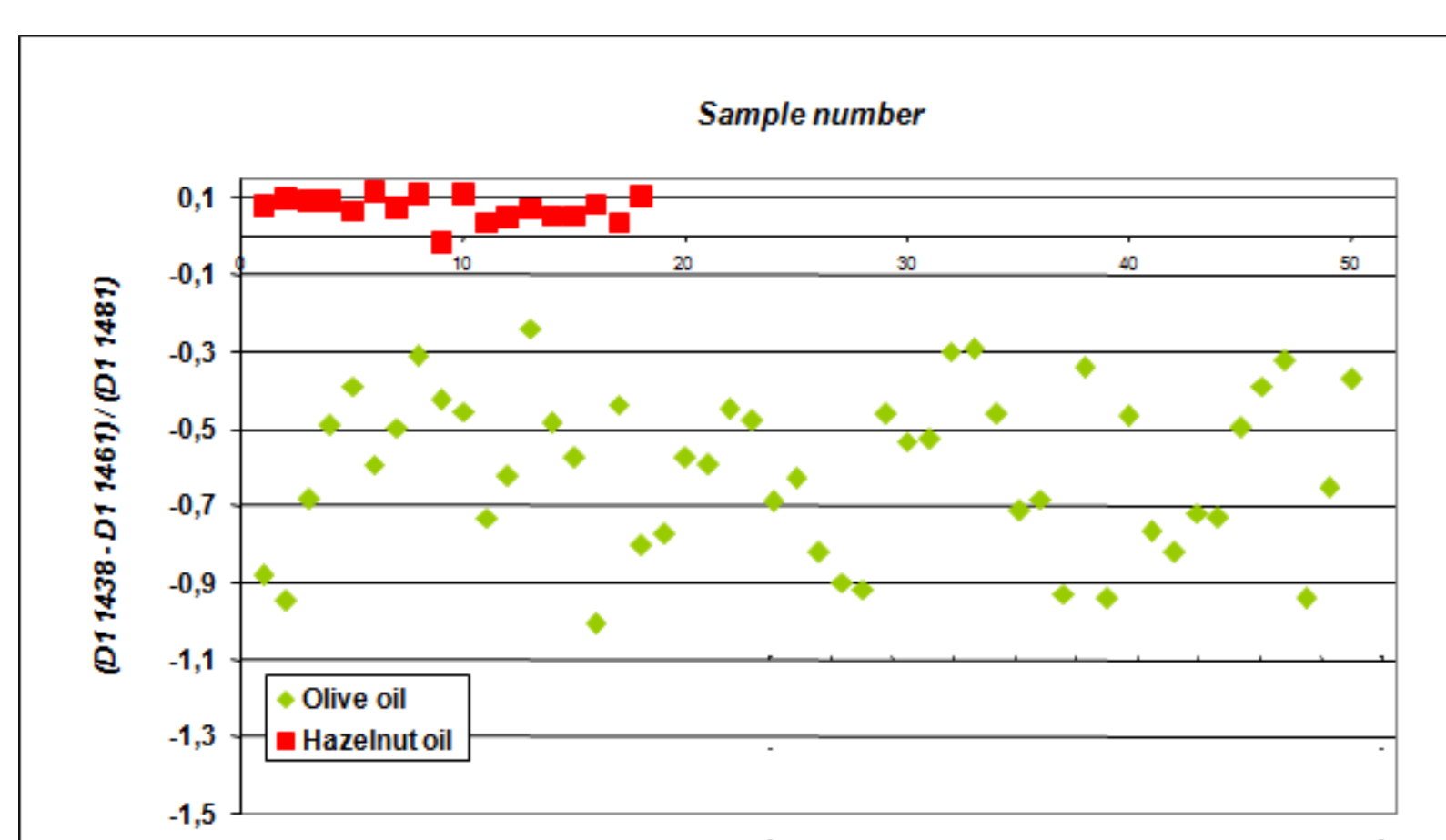
SVM model showing the discrimination between French and Spanish hams.



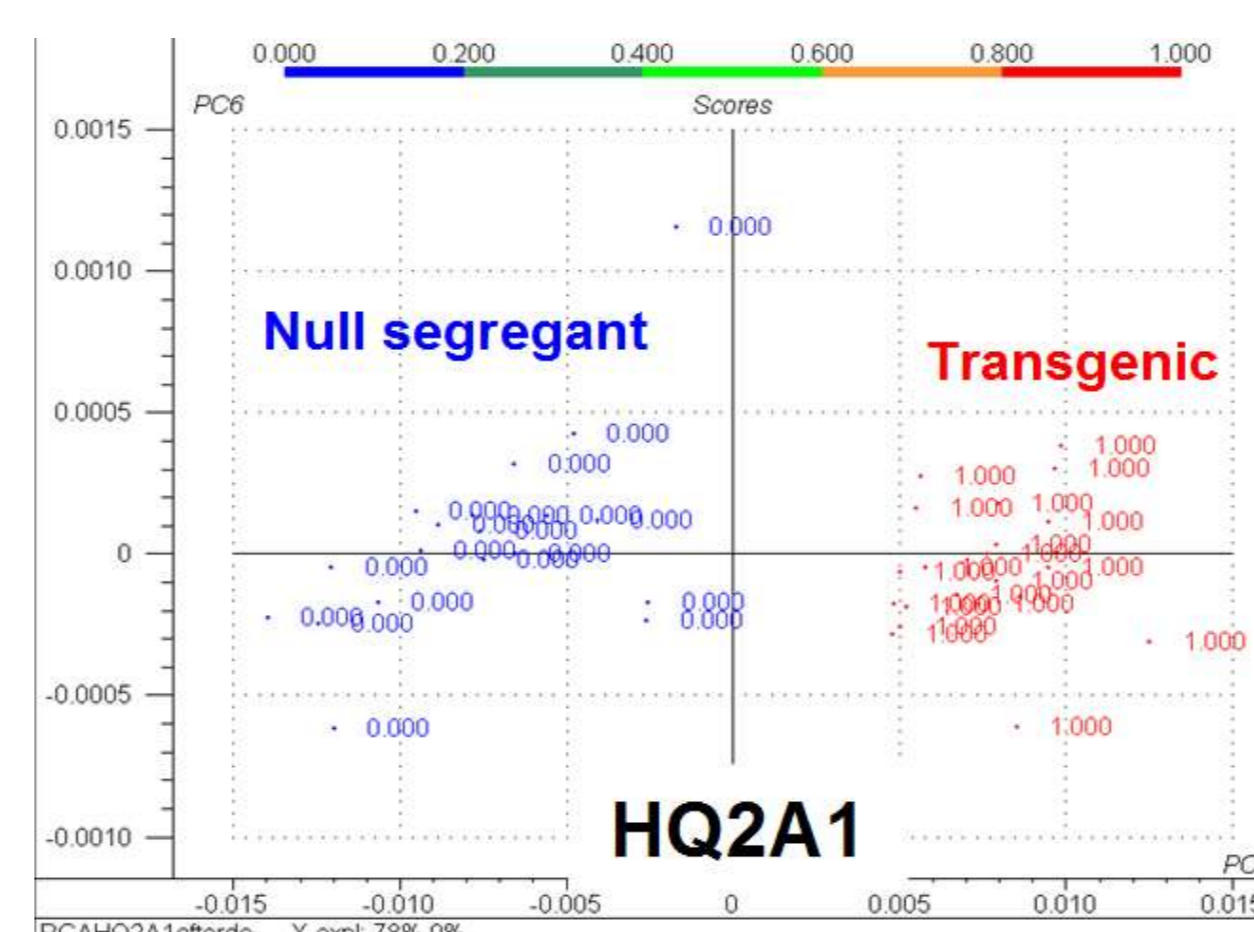
PCA results of FT-Raman spectra for the discrimination between Rochefort and non-Rochefort beers.



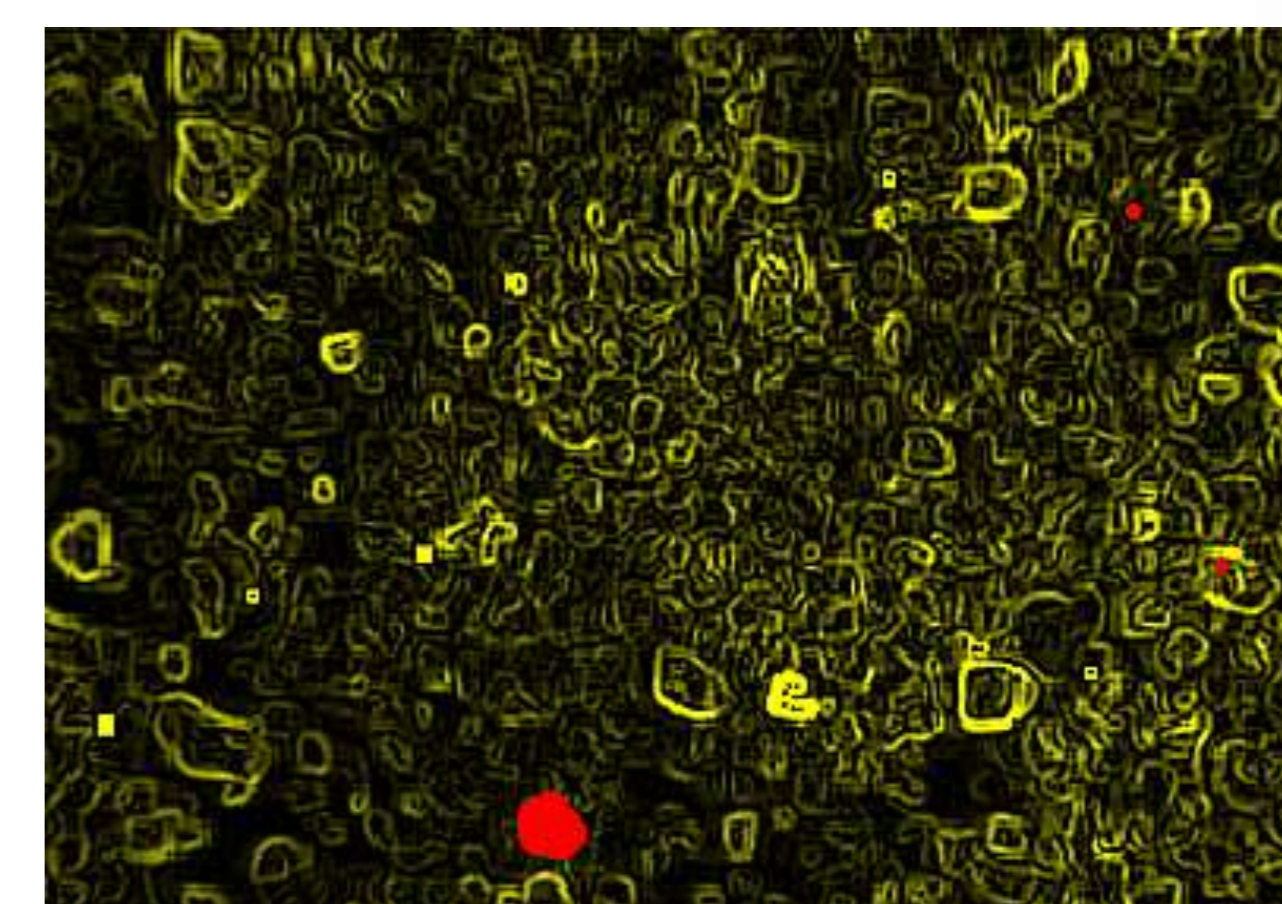
PLSDA model showing the detection of ergot (red) in wheat (blue)



Discrimination between olive oil (green) and hazelnut oil (red) based on absorbance ratio of Mid-IR spectra at 3 wavelengths



PCA results showing the differentiating according to the presence or not of transgenic material in barley.



SVM model showing the detection of processed animal proteins - PAP (red).

